

## CuZn5

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Comparable standards: Aurubis designations: UNS C21000 • EN CW500L • JIS C2100 C210 • PNA 221

Description

CuZn5 is a solid solution strengthened copper alloy containing 5% zinc (brass). Its color is similar to copper as well as the corrosion resistance, yet the strength is superior to copper or CuETP. CuZn5 has very good cold fomability and is suited for bending, stamping and other cold forming processes. The alloy may be soldered, brazed or welded. CuZn5 is not as sensitive to stress corrosion cracking as alloys with a higher zinc content.

## Composition

Cu	Fe	Pb	Zn	AI	Ni	Sn
[%]	[%]	[%]	[%]	[%]	[%]	[%]
94-96	0.05 max	0.05 max	rem	0.02 max	0.3 max	0.1 max

Composition of this alloy is in accordance with RoHS for electric & electronic components and ELV for the automotive industry.

## Physical properties

	Melting point	Density	с <sub>р</sub> @ 20°С	Young's modulus	Thermal cond.		trical nd.	α @20-300°C
	[°C]	[g/cm <sup>3</sup> ]	[kJ/kgK]	[GPa]	[W/mK]	[MS/m]	[%IACS]	[10 <sup>-6</sup> /K]
	1066	8.86	0.38	117	234	≥ 33	≥57	18
Ν	Note: The specified conductivity applies to the					c <sub>n</sub> specific h	neat capacity	<i>,</i>

Note: The specified conductivity applies to the soft condition only.

 $\alpha$  coefficient of thermal expansion

properties		Strength	Strength	Elongation A <sub>50</sub>	Hardness HV	90°	ratio [r]		° [r]
		[MPa]	[MPa]	[%]	[-]	GW	BW	GW	BW
	R230	230-280	≤ 130	≥ 36	45-75	0	0	0	0
	R270	270-350	≥ 200	≥ 12	75-110	0	0	0	1
	R340	≥ 340	≥ 280	≥ 4	≥ 110	0.5	1	1	2

r = x \* t (thickness t ≤ 0.5mm)

GW bend axis transverse to rolling direction. BW bend axis parallel to rolling direction.

Fabrication	Cold formability	excellent
properties	Hot formability	good
	Soldering	excellent
	Brazing	excellent
	Oxyacetylene welding	good
	Gas shielded arc welding	good
	Resistance welding	not recommended
	Machinability	not recommended

conductivity

The electrical conductivity depends on chemical composition, the level of cold deformation and the grain size. A high level of deformation as well as a small grain size decrease the conductivity.



- CorrosionBrass is resistant to: Natural, industrial and salt bearing atmospheres, drinking and serviceResistancewater (if the flow rate is not excessive), non oxidizing acids, alkaline and neutral saline solutions.<br/>Brass is not resistant to: Ammonia, halogenide, cyanide and hydrogen sulfide solutions and<br/>atmospheres, oxidizing acids and sea water (especially at high flow rates).<br/>CuZn5 is not prone to dezincification or stress corrosion cracking, different to brass alloys with<br/>higher zinc contents. Yet the alloy should be stress relieved if stress corrosion cracking might be<br/>an issue.
- **Typical uses** Components of electric engineering, jewelry and watch industry, stamping and embossing, base for gold plate and vitreous enameling, cosmetic packaging.

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