

# We are energy-intensive – but also extremely energy-efficient

The energy transition is inconceivable without metals. But producing copper, zinc, and other metals requires a great deal of energy. In total, Aurubis used as much energy as 115,000 average single-family houses with four residents each in 2019. That amounts to 3.47 TWh. Overall, 1.69 TWh of this comes from primary energy sources like gas, coke, and oil, and more than half (1.78 TWh) comes from electricity. This is equivalent to 941,000 t of indirect  $CO_2$  emissions from purchased electricity and 503,000 t of direct  $CO_2$  emissions in the production process in 2019.

Our goal:



For us, the effective and efficient use of energy is a question of ecological and economic responsibility. As a European company with global competition, we cannot pass on higher costs for electricity, energy, and  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  emissions to our customers. At the same time, Aurubis'  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  footprint is already considerably lower than the industry average: With the current production processes, Aurubis emits – compared to the average of all copper smelters – about half of the global  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  footprint per ton of copper output.\*

# CO<sub>2</sub> emissions in an industry comparison: Life cycle analysis of a copper cathode



\* CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent per ton of copper in kg
Sources: International Copper Association, Aurubis, 2013

## We need regulation with foresight

The EU has an ambitious goal for 2050: a resilient economy and society that achieves climate neutrality through a high level of innovation and competitiveness. This is in line with our goals. We want to become the most sustainable, integrated smelter network in the world and we want to increase our energy efficiency even further. The general conditions for this have to be created now so that sustainability doesn't become a competitive disadvantage:

- » Competitive energy prices
- » Legislative continuity
- » Promotion of research and development
- » Promotion of investments in future technologies
- » Instruments that reward low-carbon products

# Up to here – and beyond: Our projects

For years we have been successfully implementing projects to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> at all of the Aurubis Group's relevant production sites. Even if completely CO<sub>2</sub>-free production of non-ferrous metals will never be physically possible, we are always looking for potential for more.





# **Waste Heat Recovery** Use of own industrial waste heat

for sustainable electricity generation on site

In operation since: 2014

CO<sub>2</sub> savings potential/year:



# Power-to-Steam

Generation of steam for production using excess energy in the power grid

In operation since: 2019

CO<sub>2</sub> savings potential/year:

4,000 t

### What else we are planning:

# Use of renewable energies from photovoltaics

in Pirdop, Bulgaria

CO<sub>2</sub> savings potential/year:

4,000 t



Transition from oil to natural gas

Hamburg

6,500 t

**GERMANY** 

**Expansion of Industrial Heat** 

120,000 t





Optimized manufacturing processes using hydrogen

in Hamburg, Germany

CO<sub>2</sub> savings potential/year:

6,200 t

# Contact

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